

CON DE L' HÔPITAL

$$L = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{240x - 240 \sin x - 40x^3 + x^5}{x^5} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{240 - 240 \cos x - 120x^2 + 5x^4}{5x^4} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{240 \sin x - 240x + 20x^3}{20x^3} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{240 \cos x - 240 + 60x^2}{60x^2} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-240 \sin x + 120x}{120x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-240 \overset{\frac{1}{x}}{\cos x} + 120}{120} = \frac{-240 + 120}{120} = -\frac{120}{120} = -1$$

CALCOLIAMO L'INTEGRALE

$$J_2 = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin \vartheta \cos \vartheta d\vartheta = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin \vartheta D(\sin \vartheta) d\vartheta$$

Consideriamo l'integrale indefinito associato:

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sin \vartheta D(\sin \vartheta) d\vartheta &\stackrel{\sin \vartheta = w}{=} \int w \cdot w'(\vartheta) d\vartheta = \\ &= \int w \cdot \frac{dw}{d\vartheta} d\vartheta = \int w dw = \frac{w^2}{2} + c \stackrel{w = \sin \vartheta}{=} \end{aligned}$$

$$\stackrel{w = \sin \vartheta}{=} \frac{(\sin \vartheta)^2}{2} + c, \text{ quindi!}$$

$$J_2 = \left[\frac{(\sin \vartheta)^2}{2} \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{(\sin \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{2} - \frac{(\sin 0)^2}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - 0 = \frac{1}{2}$$